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JOINT RESOLUTION ON MUSEUM RECOGNIZING ATROCITIES



*Be it resolved by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 

26	WHEREAS, the indigenous peoples of this land are the original inhabitants of land that
27	now constitutes the United States;
28	WHEREAS, conservative estimates numbered the American Indian population in North
29	America at approximately 10 million in 1500;
30	WHEREAS, by 1900, the American Indian population was reduced to barely 237,000;
31	WHEREAS, this immense population reduction was caused by disease or intentionally,
32	and was intensified by forced migration, deprivation of nutrition, and neglect after relocation to
33	unfamiliar, barren lands;
34	WHEREAS, American Indians were the subject of centuries of circumstances that
35	deprived them of land, liberty, livelihood, and life;
36	WHEREAS, once an expanding nation found attractive the land occupied by American
37	Indians for centuries, the land was often simply taken, and frequently by force;
38	WHEREAS, American Indians, displaced by the taking of the lands of their fathers and
39	mothers, then had their liberties further violated through forced relocation, including the young
40	being separated from their families to be sent away for schooling and assimilation;
41	WHEREAS, American Indian tribes that resisted relocation and land takings were
42	subdued by force and were, in some instances, pursued to extinction;
43	WHEREAS, relocation stripped American Indians of the livelihoods they had made for
14	centuries from their lands' often plentiful natural resources and forced them to scratch out a
45	new life on lands with little value and few usable natural resources;
46	WHEREAS, American Indians today, as descendants of those against whom the
<b>1</b> 7	original atrocities were perpetrated, have great resilience;
48	WHEREAS, through this resilience, American Indians continue to progress beyond the
49	consequences of past atrocities;
50	WHEREAS, establishing a national museum recognizing atrocities against American
51	Indians and recognizing American Indians' valuable contributions to America, its history, and
52	its culture would not only illuminate a vital chapter in American history, but would also
53	implore that such atrocities should never happen again; and
54	WHEREAS, establishing a national museum recognizing atrocities against American
55	Indians would be an important step toward reconciliation and intergenerational healing from
56	these atrocities:

57	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah
58	strongly urges the United States Congress to take action to support, establish, or construct a
59	national museum recognizing atrocities against American Indians.
60	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah strongly urges
61	each of the states to pass a similar resolution urging the United States Congress to support,
62	establish, or construct a national museum recognizing atrocities against American Indians.
63	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislature of the state of Utah strongly urges
64	each American Indian tribe to call upon the United States Congress to support, establish, or
65	construct a national museum recognizing atrocities against American Indians and to support the
66	resolutions for this purpose in the states in which the tribes reside.
67	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that a copy of this resolution be sent to the President of
68	the United States; the Secretary of the Interior; the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs; the
69	Majority Leader of the United States Senate; the Speaker of the United States House of
70	Representatives; the chair of the United States Senate Committee on Indian Affairs; the House
71	Committee on Natural Resources' Subcommittee on Indian and Alaska Native Affairs; the
72	leader of each legislative house in each of the other states; to each tribe; and to the members of
73	Utah's congressional delegation.